(a) details of projects proposed to be implemented in terms of 10 per cent Budgetary allocation for North-East Region under Prime Minister's special package;

(b) budgetary allocations made against such projects during 1997-98 and 1998-99, State-wise;

(c) whether proposal for (i) declaring Majuli as world heritage site and (ii) Eco-stabilisation and conservation of Majuli Island was submitted by the Government of Assam; and

(d) if so, the status of their implementation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS, MINIS- TER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI RAM NAIK): (a) and (b) A Non- lapsable Central Pool of Resources has been constituted during 1998-99 from out of unspent amount(s) from 10% of the Budget(s) of the concerned Central Ministeries/Departments earmarked for the North-East and Sikkim to assist development projects, including from Prime Minister's package, in these States. Releases amounting to Rs. 93.10 crores have recently been made from the Central Pool for projects in the North-East.

(c) and (d) A proposal for declaring the Majuli River Island in Assam as a World Heritage site has been received and is being examined. A project titled "Eco-stabilisation and conservation of Majuli Island" was also received from the Gover- nment of Assam. It was found that the project proposal was not in conformity with the guidelines prescribed for the major afforestation schemes. The State Government have, therefore, been advised to recast the project proposal as per the guidelines.

विभिन्न राज्यों में विकास योजनाएं

2609. **श्री चीमनभाई हरीभाई शुक्ला:** क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) सरकार द्वारा नौवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के प्रारूप को अनुमोदित करते समय गुजरात और मध्य प्रदेश से संबंधित किन-किन योजनाओं को विशेष महत्व दिया गया था;

(ख) इन राज्यों में संसाधनों को जुटाने और इसके ढांचागत आवंटन के बारे में कोई परिवर्तन किया गया है;

(ग) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है;

(घ) इन राज्यों के विकास में तर्कसंगतता लाने के लिए किए गए उपायों का ब्यौरा क्या है; और

(ङ) नौवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के दौरान उड़ीसा, गुजरात और मध्य प्रदेश के लिए किन-किन योजनाओं को सबसे अधिक प्राथमिकता दी गई है?

रेल मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री, संसदीय कार्य मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री तथा योजना और कार्यक्रम क्रियान्वयन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री राम नाईक): (क) से (ङ) पंचवर्षीय योजनाएं देश की सामाजिक और आर्थिक विकास की व्यापक रूपरेखाएं तैयार करती हैं। नौवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना का मुख्य उद्देश्य है "सामाजिक न्याय और समानता सहित विकास"। राज्य सरकारें सम्पूर्ण राष्ट्रीय प्राथमिकताओं और उद्देश्यों को ध्यान में रखते हुए विभिन्न क्षेत्र के अन्तर्गत स्कीमें शुरु करने के लिए स्वतंत्र हैं। उड़ीसा, गुजरात और मध्य प्रदेश की योजनाओं में जिन क्षेत्रकों पर बल दिया गया है, वे सामाजिक सेवा, सिंचाई और विद्युत से संबंधित हैं। इन क्षेत्रकों के अन्तर्गत विस्तृत स्कीमों को संबंधित राज्य सरकारों द्वारा अन्तिम रूप दिया जाना है। राज्य सरकारों द्वारा संसाधन जुटाव के पैरामीटर नौवीं योजना दस्तावेज में समाविष्ट हैं और उड़ीसा, मध्य प्रदेश तथा गुजरात राज्यों के लिए व्यापक क्षेत्रकीय आबंटन भी नौवीं योजना दस्तावेज में निर्दिष्ट हैं।

राज्यों पर, अन्य बातों के साथ-साथ, राज्य स्तरीय उद्यमों में सुधार लाकर और अपने गैर-योजना व्यय को कम करके अधिक संसाधन जुटाने के लिए भी जोर दिया गया है ताकि योजना के वित्त पोषण के लिए पर्याप्त निधियां उपलब्ध हो जाएं।

Scheme for Unemployed Youth

2610. SHRIMATI BASANTI SARMA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have announced any new scheme for unemployed youth of the country to start their industrial business;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the number of applications received by

the Ministry from the unemployed youth, State-wise; and

(d) out of them total applications sanctioned/rejected by Government?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAIL- WAYS, MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI RAM NAIK): (a) and (b) The Centrally Sponsored Scheme of the Swarna Jayanti Shahari Rozgar Yojana (SJSRY) has been implemented by the Ministry of Urban Affairs and Employment from 1.12.1997 with the objective of rationalising the earlier three urban poverty alleviation programmes, namely, Nehru Rozgar Yojana (NRY), Urban Basic Services for the Poor (UBSP) and Prime Minister's Integrated Urban Poverty Eradiction Programme (PMIUPEP).

The SJSRY consists of two sub- schemes, *viz.*, (i) USEP (Urban Self Employment Programme) and (ii) UWEP (Urban wage-Employment Programme). The Urban Self Employment Programme (USEP) encourages under-employed and unemployed urban youth to set up micro-enterprises relating to servicing, small business and manufacturing for which there is a lot of potential in urban areas. Local skills and local crafts are encourages for this purpose.

(c) and (d) Information regarding the number of applications received from the unemployed youth by the Ministry and the number of applications sanctioned/rejected by the Government is not available with the Planning Commission.

Determining of Per capita Annual Income

2611. SHRI C.O. POULOSE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the methodologies adopted to determine per capita annual income for rural and urban population in developed and developing countries, China in partcular; and

(b) the reasons for Government not adopting the same methodologies?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS, MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI RAM NAIK): (a) and (b) Most countries compile the estimates of per capita income by regions/provience rather than for the rural and urban population. In India, however, the estimates of rural and urban income are prepared in terms of the net domestc product of various economic activities on the basis of the corresponding number of workers and value added per worker separately for rural and urban areas. The estimates of per capita income are obtained by dividing the rural/urban income by the corresponding mid year population.

A few countries, including China, are preparing the estimates of per capita income of rural and urban households based on the information collected through household income surveys. In India, however, it has not been found feasible to collect reliable information on income through household surveys.

Ninth Five Year Plan Formula for North-East States

2612. SHRI W. ANGOU SINGH: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Planning Commission has formulated the Ninth Five Year Plan of the North East States based on traditional resources based formula instead of giving emphasis on infrastructure development; and

(b) if so, how the infrastructure development of North East States where they are now below the National average income could be brought up at least at the national average?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS, MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI RAM NAIK): (a)